

SHARP

LZ244D

Low-Voltage (5 V/12 V) Operation 1/4-type
Color CCD Area Sensor with 220k Square Pixels

Description

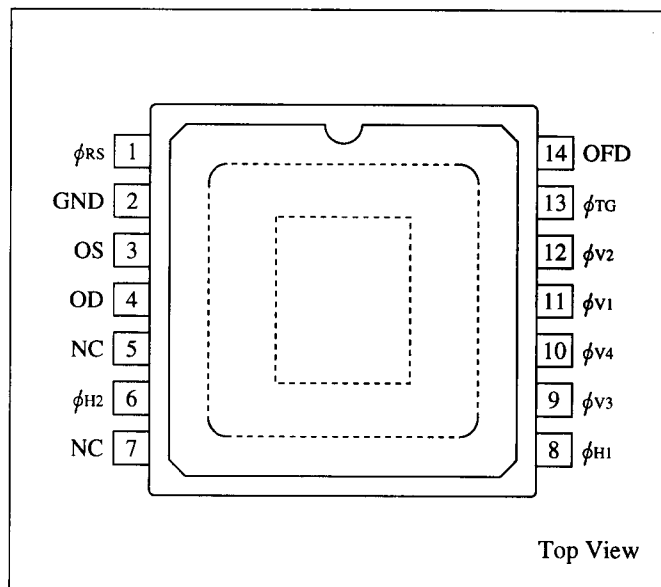
LZ244D is a 1/4-type (4.5 mm) solid state imaging device consisting of PN photo-diodes and CCDs (charge-coupled devices) driven by only positive voltages.

Having about 220 000 pixels (Horizontal 384 × Vertical 582), it allows a stable color image to be obtained at high resolution.

Features

- Low-voltage (5 V/12 V) operation
- Number of video picture elements
: Horizontal 362 × Vertical 582
Pixel pitch : Horizontal 13.6 μm × Vertical 6.3 μm
Number of optically black pixel
: Horizontal; front 2 and rear 20
- Complementary color filters of Mg, G, Cy, and Ye
- Built-in overflow drain voltage output circuit, and built-in reset gate bias output circuit
- Reduced fixed pattern noise and lag
- No sticking and no image distortion
- Blooming suppression structure
- Built-in output amplifier, voltage generator, pulse mix circuit
- Variable electronic shutter
- Package
14-pin WDIP [Plastic] (WDIP014-P-0400A)

Pin Connections



Pin Description

No.	Symbol	Pin name	Note
1	ϕ_{RS}	Reset transistor gate clock	1
2	GND	Ground	
3	OS	Video output	
4	OD	Output transistor drain	
5	NC	No connection	
6	ϕ_{H2}	Horizontal shift resistor clock	
7	NC	No connection	
8	ϕ_{H1}	Horizontal Shift resistor clock	
9	ϕ_{V3}	Vertical shift resistor clock	2
10	ϕ_{V4}	Vertical shift resistor clock	
11	ϕ_{V1}	Vertical shift resistor clock	
12	ϕ_{V2}	Vertical shift resistor clock	
13	ϕ_{TG}	Transfer gate clock	3
14	OFD	Overflow drain	1

Note 1. ϕ_{RS} , OFD : Use the circuit parameter indicated in "System Configuration Example (P.7)", and do not connect to DC voltage directly.

When not using electrical shutter, connect OFD to GND through a 0.1 μF capacitor and a 1 m Ω resistor.

Note 2. ϕ_{V1} - ϕ_{V4} : Input the clock through a 0.1 μF capacitor.

Note 3. ϕ_{TG} : Use the circuit parameter indicated in "System Configuration Example (P.7)"

Absolute Maximum Rating

(Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Note
Output transistor drain voltage	V _{OD}	0 to +15	V	
Reset gate clock voltage	V ϕ _{RS}	(Internal output)	V	1
Vertical shift register clock voltage	V ϕ _V	0 to +7.5	V	
Horizontal shift register clock voltage	V ϕ _H	-0.3 to +7.5	V	
Transfer gate clock voltage	V ϕ _{TG}	-0.3 to +15	V	
Overflow drain voltage	V _{OFD}	(Internal output)	V	2
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +85	°C	
Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +70	°C	

Note 1. Do not connect to DC voltage directly. When ϕ RS is connected to GND, connect V_{OD} to GND. Reset gate clock is applied below 8 Vp-p.

Note 2. Do not connect to DC voltage directly. When OFD is connected to GND, connect V_{OD} to GND. Overflow drain clock is applied below 13 Vp-p.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Operating ambient temperature		T _{opr}		25		°C	
Output transistor drain voltage		V _{OD}	12	12.5	13	V	
Overflow drain clock	P-P level	V ϕ _{OFD}	12	12.5	13	V	1
Ground voltage		GND		0		V	
Transfer gate clock	LOW level	V ϕ _{TGL}	-0.05	0	0.05	V	
	HIGH level	V ϕ _{TGH}	12	12.5	13	V	
Vertical shift register clock	P-P level	V ϕ _{V1} , V ϕ _{V2} , V ϕ _{V3} , V ϕ _{V4}	4.7	5.0	5.5	V	2
Horizontal shift register clock	LOW level	V ϕ _{H1L} , V ϕ _{H2L}	-0.05	0	0.05	V	
	HIGH level	V ϕ _{H1H} , V ϕ _{H2H}	4.7	5.0	5.5	V	
Reset gate clock	P-P level	V ϕ _{RS}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	3
Vertical shift register clock frequency		f ϕ _{V1} , f ϕ _{V2} , f ϕ _{V3} , f ϕ _{V4}		15.63		kHz	
Horizontal shift register clock frequency		f ϕ _{H1} , f ϕ _{H2}		6.75		MHz	
Reset gate clock frequency		f ϕ _{RS}		6.75		MHz	

Note 1. OFD : Use the circuit parameter indicated in "System Configuration Example (P.7)", and do not connect to DC voltage directly.

Note 2. ϕ V1 - ϕ V4 : Use the circuit parameter indicated in "System Configuration Example (P.7)", and do not connect to DC voltage directly.

Note 3. ϕ RS : Use the circuit parameter indicated in "System Configuration Example (P.7)", and do not connect to DC voltage directly.

※ To apply power, first connect GND and then turn on V_{OD} and then turn on other powers and pulses.
Do not connect the device to or disconnect it from the plug socket while power is being applied.

Electrical Characteristics

- Drive method : Field accumulation
- DC and AC conditions : The typical values under the recommended operating conditions.
- Ambient temperature : 25 °C
- Temperature of light source : 3 200 K
- Infrared absorbing filter (CM-500,1 mm) is used.

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Standard output voltage	V_o		150		mV	2
Photo response non-uniformity	PRNU			15	%	3
Saturation output voltage	V_{sat}	550			mV	4
Dark output voltage	V_{dark}		0.5		mV	1, 5
Dark signal non-uniformity	DSNU		0.5		mV	1, 6
Sensitivity	R		400		mV	7
Smear ratio	SMR		−85		dB	8
Image lag	AI			1.0	%	9
Blooming suppression ratio	ABL	1000				10
Current dissipation	I_{od}		4.0	8.0	mA	
Output impedance	R_o		400		Ω	
Vector breakup				10	°, %	11
Line crawling				3.0	%	12
Luminance flicker				2.0	%	1, 13

Note 1. $T_a = 60^\circ\text{C}$

Note 2. The standard output voltage is defined as 150 mV by the average output voltage under uniform illumination.

Note 3. The image area is divided into 10×10 segments. The voltage of a segment is the average of output voltage from all the pixels within the segment.

PRNU is defined by $(V_{max} - V_{min}) / V_o$, where V_{max} and V_{min} are the maximum and the minimum values of each segment's voltage respectively, when the average output voltage V_o is 150 mV.

Note 4. The image area is divided into 10×10 segments. The saturation signal is defined as the minimum of each segment's voltage which is the average of output voltage from all the pixels within the segment, when the exposure level is set as 10 times, compared to standard level.

Note 5. The average output voltage under a non-exposure condition.

Note 6. The image area is divided into 10×10 segments.

DSNU is defined by $(V_{dmax} - V_{dmin})$ under the non-exposure condition where V_{dmax} and V_{dmin} are the maximum and the minimum values of each segment's voltage, respectively, that is the average output voltage over all pixels in the segment.

Note 7. The average output voltage when a 1000 lux light source attached with a 90% reflector is imaged by a lens of F4, f50 mm.

Note 8. The sensor is adjusted to position a $V/10$ square at the center of image area where V is the vertical length of the image area. SMR is defined by the ratio of the output voltage detected during the vertical blanking period to the maximum of the pixel voltage in the $V/10$ square.

Note 9. The sensor is exposed at the exposure level corresponding to the standard condition preceding non-exposure condition. AI is defined by the ratio between the output voltage measured at the 1st field during the non-exposure period and the standard output voltage.

Note 10. The sensor is adjusted to position a $V/10$ square at the center of image area.

ABL is the ratio between the exposure at the standard condition and the exposure at a point where a blooming is observed.

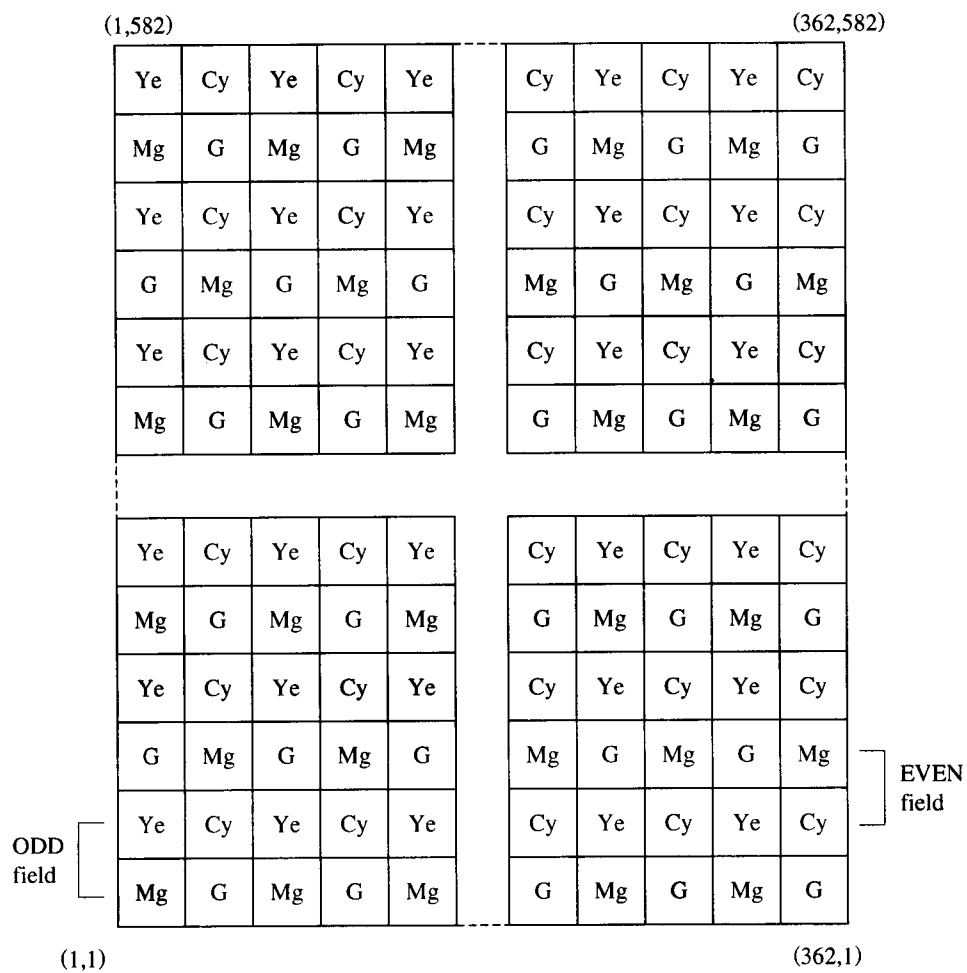
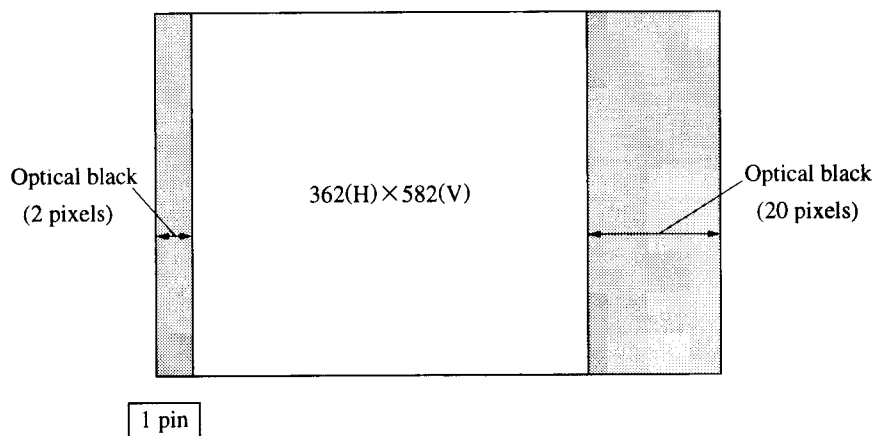
Note 11. Observed with a vector scope when the color bar chart is imaged under the standard exposure condition.

Note 12. The difference between the average output voltage of the (Mg + Ye), (G + Cy) line and the (Mg + Cy), (G + Ye) line under the standard exposure condition.

Note 13. The difference between the average output voltage of the odd field and the even field.

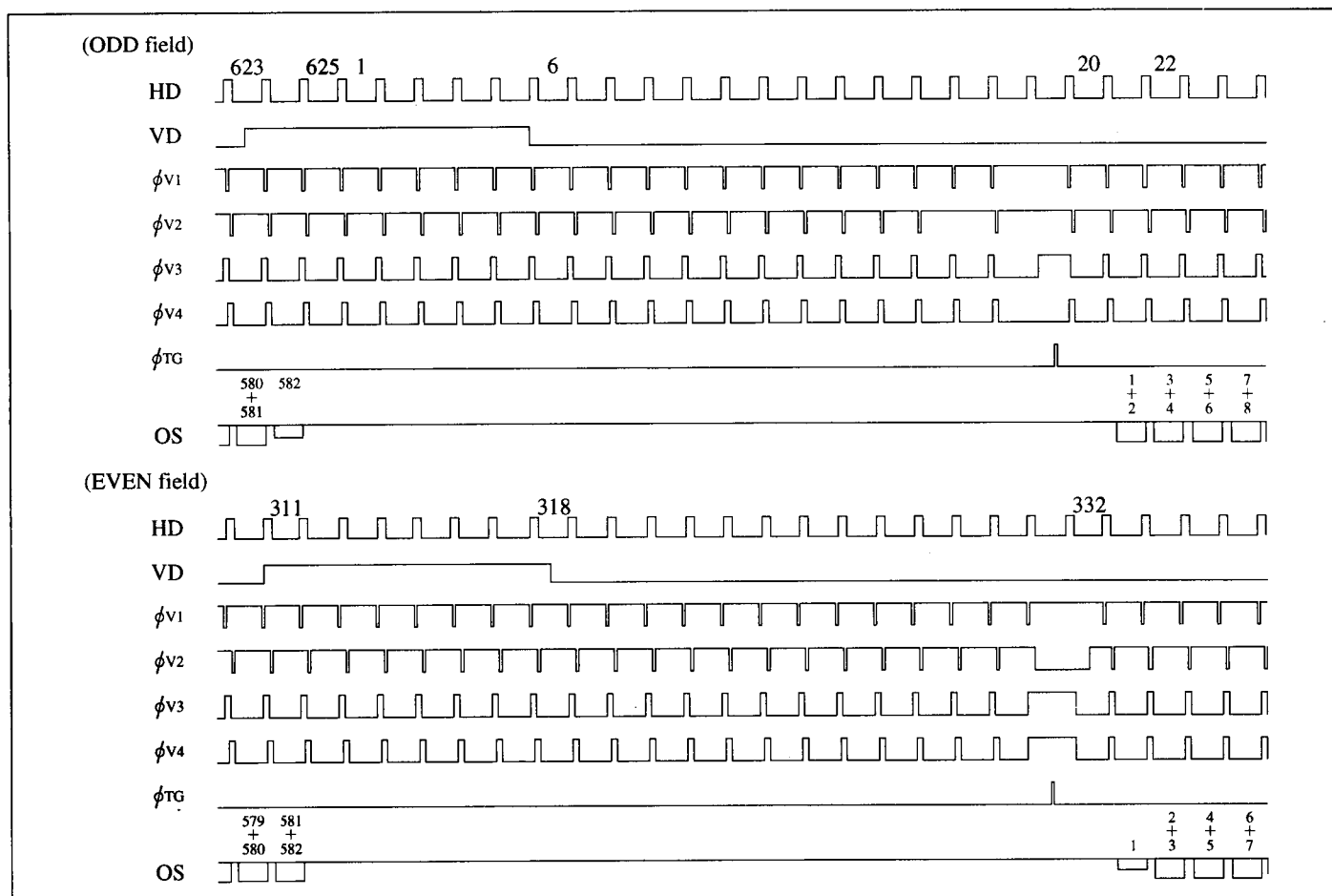
※ Within the recommended operating condition of V_{OD} , V_{OFD} of the internal output satisfy with ABL larger than 1000 times exposure of the standard exposure condition, and V_{sat} larger than 450 mV.

Composition of Pixels and Arrangement of Color Filters

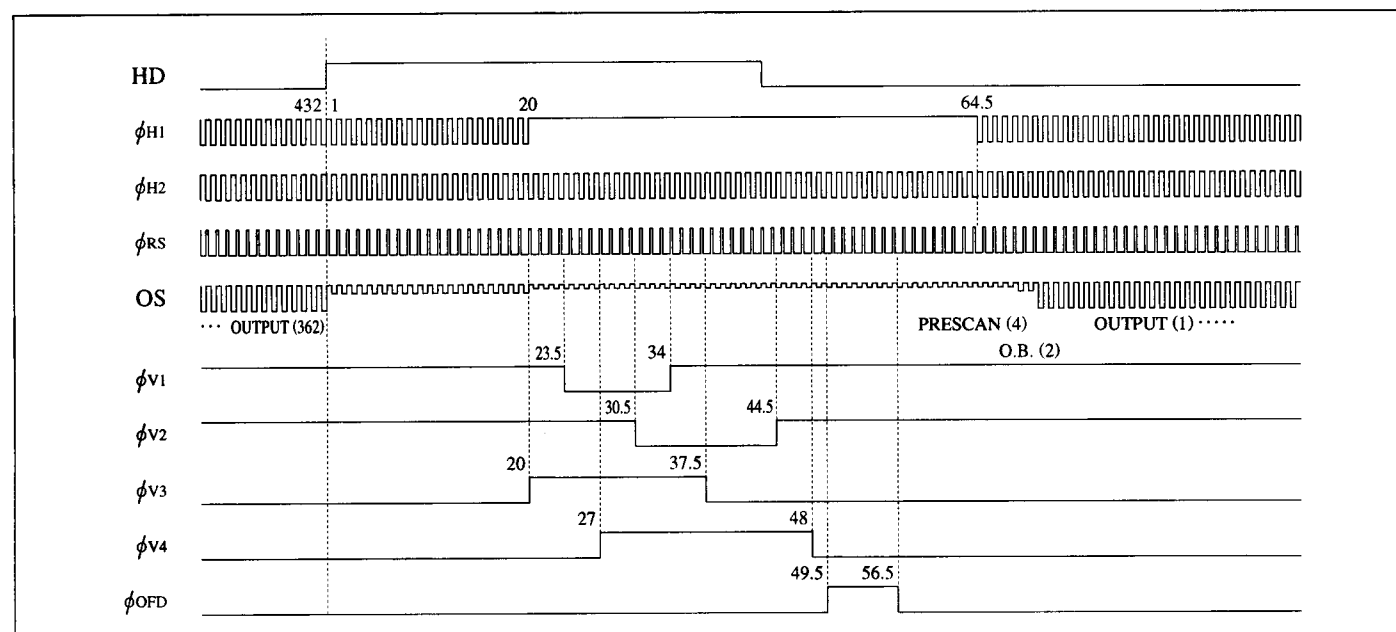


■ Timing Diagram

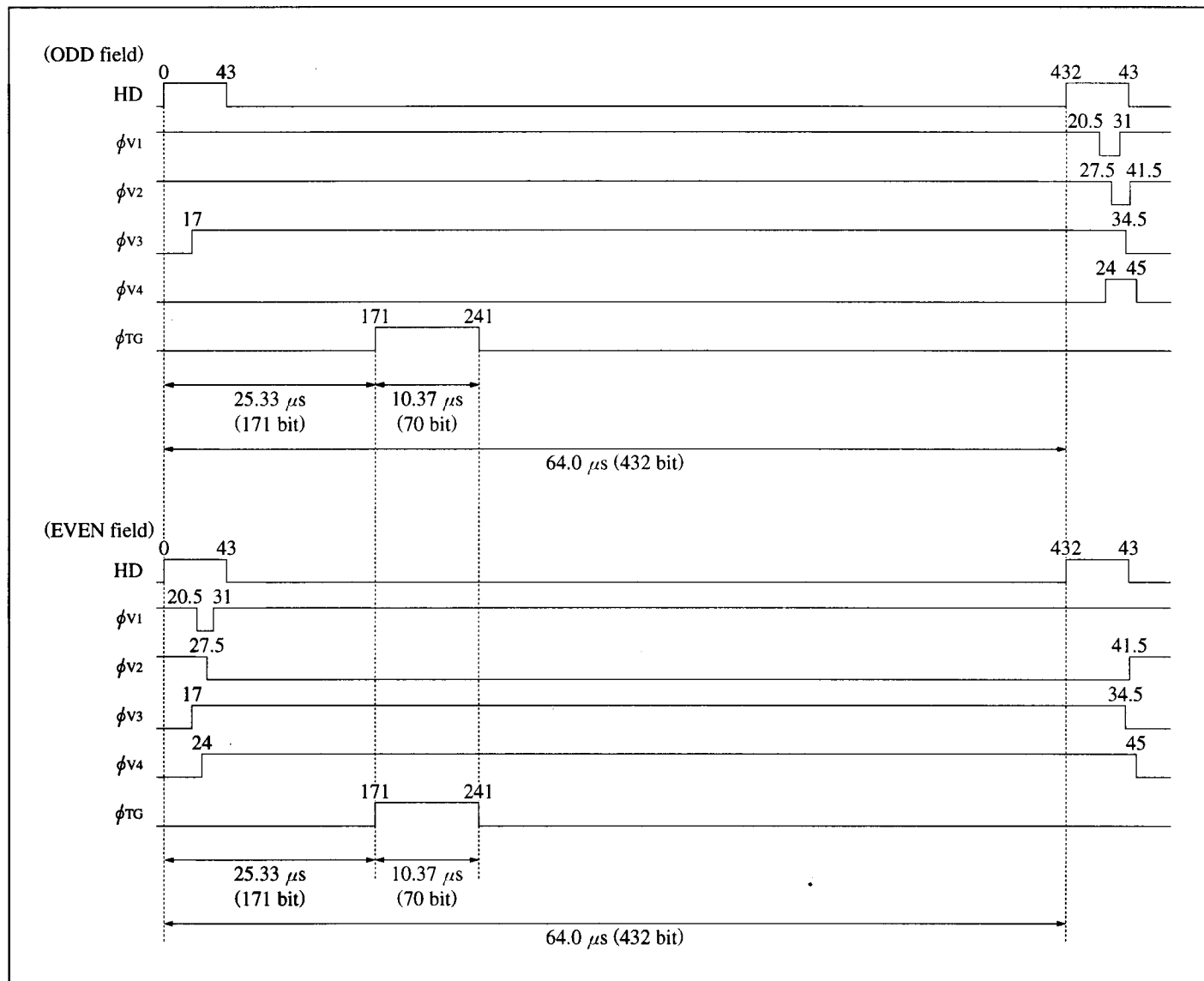
(1) Vertical Transfer Timing



(2) Horizontal Transfer Timing



(3) Read Out Timing



The diagram illustrates the internal circuitry of the LZ244D chip, showing the connection of various pins to external components. The chip has 14 pins, with pins 1-7 on the bottom and 8-14 on the top. The internal components include a differential input stage for TGX, a timing network for OFDX, and various capacitors and resistors for clock and control signals. The chip is labeled 'LZ244D'.

Pin Connections:

- Pin 14:** OFD*1
- Pin 13:** ϕ_{TG}^{*3}
- Pin 12:** ϕ_{V2}^{*2}
- Pin 11:** ϕ_{V1}^{*2}
- Pin 10:** ϕ_{V4}^{*2}
- Pin 9:** ϕ_{V3}^{*2}
- Pin 8:** ϕ_{H1}
- Pin 7:** NC
- Pin 6:** ϕ_{H2}
- Pin 5:** NC
- Pin 4:** OD
- Pin 3:** OS
- Pin 2:** GND
- Pin 1:** ϕ_{RS}^{*1}

External Components:

- TGX:** Differential input signal, connected to a differential pair of transistors with 100 Ω resistors and 0.01 μ F capacitors. The output is connected to pin 14 through a 68 Ω resistor.
- OFDX:** Input signal, connected to a timing network consisting of a 10 Ω resistor, a 1000 pF capacitor, and a 1 M Ω resistor to ground. The output is connected to pin 1 through a 10 Ω resistor.
- CCDOUT:** Output signal, connected to a transistor circuit with a 1 M Ω resistor to ground and a 0.01 μ F capacitor to pin 1.
- Control Signals:** ϕ_{RS} , ϕ_{TG} , ϕ_{V1} , ϕ_{V2} , ϕ_{V3} , ϕ_{V4} , ϕ_{H1} , and ϕ_{H2} are connected to various pins and external components as specified in the pin list.

Legend:

- * 1 ϕ_{RS} , OFD : Use the circuit parameter indicated in the circuit example, and do not connect to DC voltage directly.
When not using electrical shutter, connect OFD to GND through a 0.1 μ F capacitor and a 1 m Ω resistor
- * 2 ϕ_{V1} - ϕ_{V4} : Input the clock through a 0.1 μ F capacitor.
- * 3 ϕ_{TG} : Use the circuit parameter indicated in the circuit

★ Under development

No. of pixels	TV standard		Model No	Electronic shutter (s)	Resolution		Pixels pitch H×V (μm ²)	Sensitivity TYP. (mV)	Smear ratio TYP. (%)	Package
					Horizontal TV lines	Effective pixel (H×V)				
220 000	Color	PAL	LZ244D* ¹	1/80 to 1/10 000	230	362×582	9.4×9.4	400	0.005	14WDIP (Plastic) * ³
270 000	Color	NTSC	★LZ2415* ²	1/60 to 1/10 000	330	512×492	7.2×5.6	310	0.006	14WDIP (Plastic) * ³
	B/W	EIA	LZ2416J* ²	1/60 to 1/10 000	380	512×492	7.2×5.6	450	0.006	14WDIP (Plastic) * ³
320 000	Color	PAL	★LZ2425* ²	1/50 to 1/10 000	330	512×582	7.2×4.7	280	0.006	14WDIP (Plastic) * ³
	B/W	CCIR	LZ2426J* ²	1/50 to 1/10 000	380	512×582	7.2×4.7	400	0.006	14WDIP (Plastic) * ³

*2 With mirror image function